Albert and David were in partnership sharing profit and losses equally. Their balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> December 2009 was as follows:

Non Current Assets (NBV):	
Property	250000
Plant and machinery	65000
Motor vehicles	40000
	355000
Current Assets:	
Inventory	35000
Trade receivables	40000
Bank	30000
	105000
Current Liabilities:	
Trade payables	<u>(25000)</u> <u>80000</u>
	435000
Financed by:	
Capital: Albert	235000
David	<u>200000</u>
	<u>435000</u>

On 1<sup>st</sup> January 2010, they decided to admit their manager, Fred, as a partner into the business. Fred would bring \$150000 as capital and agree to pay \$75000 as goodwill. He would also bring his private car valued at \$ 20000 into the business.

Following the admission of Fred, the following took place:

- (i) Land and Buildings were revalued at \$280000
- (ii) Plant and Machinery was written down by \$15000.
- (iii) An old Motor vehicle which had a written down value of \$15000 was sold for \$18000.

- (iv) A bad debt provision of 3% of Trade receivables was created.
- (v) Obsolete stock was written off by \$1200.
- (vi) Trade payables amounting \$ 8000 was settled at \$7200.
- (vii) Legal and Professional fees regarding the re-structuring of the partnership amounted to \$1000.
- (viii) Goodwill was not to be retained in the book.

The partners agreed that the new profit sharing ratio would be: Albert 2/5, David 2/5 and Fred 1/5. It was also agreed that Albert would transfer \$40000 from his capital account to a loan account bearing 10% interest p.a and David to withdraw cash so that his capital account balance equal to Albert.

## **Required:**

- (a) A revaluation account.
- (b) The partner's capital account as at 1<sup>st</sup> January 2010.
- (c) The opening balance sheet as at 1<sup>st</sup> January 2010.